# C-ID Descriptor Calculus-Based Physics for Scientists and Engineers: B

### **Descriptor Details**

• Descriptor Title: Calculus-Based Physics for Scientists and Engineers: B

• **C-ID Number**: 210

Units: 4.0Hours: 0000

Date of Last Revision: 2/28/2025 09:34:50 AM PST

## **General Description**

This course, intended for students majoring in physical sciences and engineering, is part of a three-semester course whose contents may be offered in other sequences or combinations. Core topics include electrostatics, magnetism, DC and AC circuits, and Maxwell's equations.

# **Prerequisites**

C-ID PHYS 205(prerequisite).

# Corequisites

2 Semesters college-level calculus (corequisite) (C-ID MATH 210 and 220 OR MATH 211 and 221 OR MATH 900s)

#### Advisories

Completion of second semester calculus and concurrent enrollment in third semester calculus.

#### **Content**

- Electrostatics
- Electric Fields
- Electrostatic Potential
- Gauss's Law
- DC Circuits
- Capacitors
- Resistivity
- Magnetism and Magnetic Fields
- AC Circuits
- Faraday's and Lenz's Laws
- Ampere's Law
- Maxwell's Equations
- "Floating Topics" which may be included in this semester
  - o Fluids
  - Simple Harmonic Motion
  - Mechanical Waves
  - Sound
  - Laws of Thermodynamics
  - Heat Engines
  - Kinetic Theory of Gases
  - Entropy
  - Properties of Electromagnetic Waves

#### Lab Activities

Laboratory activities should cover the range of topics designated for lecture. The majority of labs should be hands-on activities with "real-world" data collection as opposed to computer simulation, although simulations may be appropriate for some topics in modern physics.

# **Objectives**

**Lecture Course Objectives\*:** At the conclusion of the lecture component of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Analyze simple static charge distributions and calculate the resulting electric field and electric potential.
- 2. Analyze simple current distributions and calculate the resulting magnetic field.
- 3. Predict the trajectory of charged particles in uniform electric and magnetic fields.
- 4. Analyze DC and AC circuits in terms of current, potential difference, and power dissipation for each element.

**Laboratory Course Objectives\***: At the conclusion of the laboratory component of this course, the student should be able to:

- 1. Analyze real-world experimental data, including appropriate use of units and significant figures.
- 2. Relate the results of experimental data to the physical concepts discussed in the lecture portion of the class.

#### **Evaluation Methods**

Examinations which include problem solving exercises, final examinations, projects, homework problems, laboratory reports.

\*Note that not all of the methods listed are required.

#### **Textbooks**

#### Typical Textbooks:

Giancoli, Douglas C. Physics for Scientists and Engineers

Halliday, David; Resnick, Robert; Walker, Jearl. Fundamentals of Physics

Knight, Randall D. Physics for Scientists and Engineers: A Strategic Approach

Serway, Raymond A.; Jewett, John W. Physics for Scientists and Engineers

Moebs, Willian; Ling,, Samuel J; Sanny, Jeff. University Physics, Volume 2

<sup>\*</sup>Note that course objectives are not limited to the ones listed here.

## **Typical Lab Manuals:**

Edmonds, Jr., Dean S. Cioffari's Experiments in College Physics

Laws, Priscilla. Workshop Physics Activity Guide, Modules 3 and 4

Loyd, David. Physics Lab Manual

Sokoloff, David, Real Time Physics: Active Learning Laboratories, Modules 2 and 3

Laboratory manuals developed on site